

## HUERTA'S TROOPS MUTINY IN CAPITAL

Stack Rifles and Refuse to  
Receive Orders Until Given  
Pay and Provisions.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 5.—A new peril has been added to the situation here in the capital on account of the threat of a general mutiny of such Huerta troops as have been left to garrison the city.

This movement has been feared for several days, since one of the regiments assigned to patrol duty in the center of the city refused point blank to perform further service until paid their wages and furnished with proper food. These troops stacked their arms in the street, but remained near them, defying the remainder of the city garrison to put them under arrest.

Since that event, which was smoothed over by a distribution of some money among the regiment which mutinied, the trouble has been spreading, until now it is feared hourly that the federal troops not only in the capital but those who are in the outlying districts fighting the Zapatistas may mutiny for the same reason and leave the capital city defenseless against either an attack or an outbreak within the city itself.

## Probe Report That Refugees Are Held

The State Department today undertook the investigation of reports to the effect that the federal forces retreating from Chihuahua are holding refugees from the town, including foreigners as well as native Mexicans, as hostages. According to these reports, suffering among the refugees has been intense, and a number have died since leaving Chihuahua. None, however, has been permitted to leave the body of federal troops fleeing with the caravan, the federalists believing that as long as the refugees are with them the rebels will not attack.

Information that the constitutionalists have already surrounded Zacatecas was received here with interest this morning. Zacatecas is about halfway between Chihuahua and Mexico City, the only other town of any size between Zacatecas and the capital being Aguascalientes.

Reports from El Paso state that General Villa, the hero of Juarez, entered Chihuahua today with 5,000 troops, the advance guard of his forces. According to his plan of campaign, all his forces will converge at the edge of the plateau leading to Mexico City, whence the main attack on the federalists will begin.

The State Department this morning refused to comment on reports to the effect that the world powers have made a proposal to Huerta to provide means of pacification if he would retire and call a new election.

## HEFLIN FERVID IN ANTI-SUFFRAGE PLEA

Calling upon Themistocles, Aristotles, Gladstone, and other well-known authorities on government for support for his statements, Congressman Thomas Hefflin of Alabama made a well-known plea in behalf of the anti-suffragists who continued their hearing before the House Committee on Rules this morning.

Mrs. William Force Scott, of New York; John Ten Eyck, of New York, and Congressman Hefflin were granted permission by the committee to prolong the hearing this morning, with a rebuttal by the suffragists this afternoon, a change from the original program whereby the suffragists were to have the entire session today for their reply to yesterday's speeches.

Because of the anticipated prearranged hearing and because many of the anti-suffragist delegates have returned home, the women who attended this morning's session were those who wore the significant yellow badges, in-

## CITIZENS HONOR AGED RESIDENT



REAR ADMIRAL UPSHUR.

digating their allegiance to the suffrage cause.

The pro-suffragists seemed to enjoy Congressman Hefflin's speech quite as much as his own faction, from the frequent smiles and suppressed laughter that came from their ranks.

"When I heard these speeches here yesterday I felt as if I were at an old-fashioned home," he declared, and I felt that those good women represented the ideas of more than 22 per cent of American women.

"I am not opposing women, God bless 'em, I'm fighting for them. But I am opposed to shifting this great responsibility upon tender shoulders never meant to bear it. Woman suffrage will create sex antagonisms. It will create dissensions in families, and thus thwart the purpose of the Creator."

"I believe, with Gladstone, that the form of government is in the male, under this splendid system of masculine control of government, the United States, little more than a century old, has become the most enlightened country in the world."

"I appeal to you gentlemen to go on record as standing for the right of the States to settle this matter on their own accord, and protect them from being perverted by any perverted Federal power."

John Ten Eyck, of New York, spoke on some of the political phases of the suffrage issue, and then began his speech.

Mrs. Scott Force, of New York, urged that if a new committee is constituted it should be a wholly impartial one. She also spoke of the States' rights in the matter.

Many Recoveries  
From Lung Trouble

A medicine for Throat and Lung troubles which has been thoroughly tested for many years, and which has been instrumental in restoring complete health to a large number of sufferers, should be thoroughly investigated by every one. While no undue claims are made for it, nor any guarantee that its use will restore health, Eckman's Alternative has been given the full credit in saving lives in many cases. Read this case:

Wilmington, Del. "Gentlemen:—In January, 1908, I was taken with hemorrhages of the lungs. My physician, one of the leading practitioners of Wilmington, Del., said that it was lung trouble. I took eggs and milk in quantities, but I got very weak. Mr. C. A. Lippincott, of Lippincott & Co., Department Store, 306 to 314 Market street, Wilmington, Del., recommended to me Eckman's Alternative that was about June, 1908. I continued faithfully, using no other remedy, and finally noticed the clearing of the lungs. I now have no trouble with my lungs. I am healthy. Believe Eckman's Alternative saved my life."

(Above abbreviated; more on request.) Eckman's Alternative has been proven by many years' test to be most efficacious for severe Throat and Lung Affections, Bronchitis, Bronchial Asthma, Stomachic Colic and in upbuilding the system. Contains no narcotics, poison, or habit-forming drugs. Sold by O'Donnell's Drug Store and leading druggists. Write the Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia, Pa., for booklet telling of recoveries and additional evidence.—Adv.

## "AZTECS" FELICITATE ADMIRAL UPSHUR

Veteran of Mexican War Also  
Guest of Metropolitan Club  
on Ninetieth Birthday.

Led by Gen. Horatio Gates Gibson, a delegation from the Aztec Club, that ultra-exclusive patriotic society formed during the Mexican War, will call upon its vice president, Rear Admiral John H. Upshur, U. S. N., retired, at his apartments in the Parkwood this afternoon to offer their felicitations on his ninetieth birthday.

General Gibson, who is president of the club, with William Stone Abert, the secretary, will head the delegation, which will be received by Admiral Upshur at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon.

Immediately after the call of the Aztec Club, a delegation from the Metropolitan Club will call at the admiral's apartment and escort him to the Metropolitan Club, where he will be the guest of honor at a reception from 5 to 7 o'clock. The members of the Aztec Club will not participate in this reception.

Oldest Annapolis Graduate.

In sending out invitations to members of the Aztec Club to participate in the call on the vice president, Mr. Abert mailed the formal greetings of the club to the other "primaries," or charter members of the organization—men who actually served in the Mexican campaign of 1847.

The others are Francis T. Ryan, of St. Louis, Mo.; Gen. Simon Bolivar Buckner, of Munfordville, Ky.; Gen. Horatio C. Gibson, of Washington; Admiral Stephen B. Luce, of Newport, R. I.; Capt. John J. Martin, of East of Charleston, W. Va., and Admiral Point, Ga.; Col. George A. Porterfield, James H. Watmough, of Washington.

Admiral Upshur is the oldest living graduate of the United States Naval Academy, and the third oldest member of the Aztec Club, according to Secretary Abert. He was born in 1822 in Northampton county, Virginia, where his ancestors settled in 1628.

He entered the naval service in 1841, and saw his first action at the capture of Vera Cruz.

In 1852, he accompanied Commodore Perry on his expedition to Japan. He was detailed to the flagship of Admiral Dupont's South Atlantic Squadron at the outbreak of the civil war. His family lived with him at the time of the war.

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## SUFFRAGISTS FEAR SPLIT ON REPORT

Mrs. Catt and Miss Addams  
Disagree Over the Future  
Course of Tangled Bodies.

(Continued from First Page.)

In Congress. She said that realizing only five women could not do much, they had agreed to organize the Congressional Union.

This was done about the first of May, and since that time, she said, the union and the committee had worked so intimately that the work of one could not be separated from that of the other. Together they had organized three big parades, have sent four delegations to Congress and the President, conducted three summer campaigns, established a weekly paper, maintained headquarters in Washington, and co-operated with other State organizations in various ways.

In these few months the committee and the union have together raised \$25,000, of which \$21,000 has come from the District of Columbia alone. Of the first amount, \$25,000 has been spent, leaving about \$400 in the treasury at present.

Women Entertained.

Much of this money was spent to entertain the National Convention of Women Voters here last August, and another large sum is being expended to finance the present convention. The committee or the union said Miss Paul, has never received any report from the National Association, most of the outside money coming from Philadelphia.

The official program called for a report from Miss Paul last Tuesday as head of the Congressional committee, and a second report from her Wednesday afternoon as head of the Congressional Union, but instead she obtained permission to combine them in a single report today.

Adopt One Report.

The personnel of the Congressional committee includes Miss Alice Paul, chairman; Miss Lucy Burns of New York, Mrs. Crystal Eastman Benedict of Wisconsin, Mrs. Dora Lewis of Pennsylvania, and Mrs. Mary Beard of New York. They are also the officers of the Congressional Union.

Immediately after the report of Miss Paul was concluded, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, delegate from New York and incidentally president of the International Woman Suffrage Association, moved to accept the report that by the same tokens the women of today deserved to vote.

It was money raising day at the convention yesterday, and during the day more than \$5,000 was raised for various purposes in less than an hour. Of this amount \$1,000 was subscribed for stock in the new suffrage publishing company; \$15,000 was pledged to meet the budget adopted at the morning session. Pledges for \$500 were given at the meeting last night, and the cash contributions amounted to \$200.

Adopt Resolution.

A feature of last night's meeting was the unanimous adoption of a resolution calling on the House committee which has the Kenyon "red light" bill in charge to report it to the House. This action followed the address of Mrs. Hepburn and evoked great enthusiasm.

As an aftermath of the convention, the Suffrage School will open in the Public Library next Monday, and will continue daily until December 20. Dr. Shaw, Mrs. Catt, and practically all the suffragists of national repute will stay to lecture to those who wish to prepare themselves to become orators and agitators for the cause of votes for women. Dr. Harkness, who is a member of the House, will address the school.

For One Cause.

"I am for one cause and an army under one flag. I would suggest that the national association become awake to the situation and carry on this work begun by the Congressional committee by appointing one member or more to the national association's board who is skilled in politics to give all her time to this work."

Mrs. Jane Addams who as first vice president of the national association is a member of the board, thereupon stepped into the breach and paid a high eulogy to the work of Miss Paul's committee.

Out of Question.

"There is no member of the national board who could afford to give all her time to this work," said Miss Addams, "and, furthermore, there are no members so well qualified to steer the national association through Congress as those who have already brought it to its present stage so successfully. I am afraid Mrs. Catt's proposal is out of the question."

Many Turned Away.

The final evening session of the convention was held last night and Dr. Anna Shaw characterized it as the most successful in the history of the association. Before the time set for the opening every seat on the main floor and in the gallery of the New Masonic Temple was taken, and hundreds who came late were forced to stand or turned away because there was no room for them.

The speakers were Mrs. Katherine H. Hepburn, of Connecticut, who discussed "Hardcore Women and Commercialized Vice," Miss Harriet May Mills, of New York, whose subject was "A Prophecy Fulfilled," and Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the International Association for Woman Suffrage, who outlined briefly the conditions under which suffrage had been granted to men, and declared that by the same tokens the women of today deserved to vote.

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ing that part of the report which pertained to the Congressional Union. "Let nothing that I say convey the impression that I do not recognize the wonderful work done by these women in Washington in behalf of suffrage," said Mrs. Catt in prefacing her argument on her motion, "but I must admit that I am more or less raze-dazzled by the relationship between the Congressional Union, the Congressional committee and the National association. "The union has evidently been doing a nation-wide work, and in reality a national organization. Are we to have two national organizations? I hope not."

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